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(d) The mortgagor shall execute such documents as the Secretary shall require to assure repayment to the Secretary of the amounts provided in this paragraph.

[48 FR 40714, Sept. 19, 1983. Redesignated at 60 FR 56500, Nov. 8, 1995]

§235.1212 Mortgage provisions.

- (a) Mortgage form. (1) The term mortgage as used in this part has the same meaning as defined in either \$203.17(a)(1) of this chapter, \$203.43c(b)(1) of this chapter, or \$234.1(d) of this chapter, as applicable, and may refer both to a security instrument creating a lien, whether called a mortgage, deed of trusts, security deed or other term common in a jurisdiction, as well as the credit instrument, or note, secured thereby.
- (2) The mortgage shall be in a form meeting the requirements of the Commissioner. For each case in which the Commissioner does not prescribe complete mortgage instruments, the Commissioner shall require specific language in the mortgage which shall be uniform for every mortgage, and may also prescribe the language or substance of additional provisions for all mortgages as well as the language or substance of additional provisions for use only in particular jurisdictions or for particular programs. Each mortgage shall also contain any provisions necessary to create a valid and enforceable secured debt under the laws of the jurisdiction in which the property is located.
- (b) *Mortgage multiples*. The mortgage shall involve a principal obligation in multiples of \$50.
 - (c) Payments. The mortgage shall:
- (1) Come due on the first of the month.
- (2) Contain complete amortization provisions satisfactory to the Secretary and an amortization period not in excess of the term of the mortgage.
- (d) *Maturity*. The mortgage shall provide for complete amortization not to exceed 30 years from the date of the beginning of amortization of the mortgage.
- (e) *Property standards.* The mortgage must be a first lien upon the property that conforms with property standards prescribed by the Commissioner.

(f) *Disbursement.* The entire principal amount of the mortgage must have been disbursed to the mortgagor or to his or her creditors for his or her account and with his or her consent.

[41 FR 1172, Jan. 6, 1976, as amended at 45 FR 29278, May 2, 1980; 48 FR 12085, Mar. 23, 1983; 49 FR 21320, May 21, 1984; 53 FR 34284, Sept. 6, 1988. Redesignated at 60 FR 56500, Nov. 8, 1995]

§235.1214 Mortgage lien.

- (a) Except as provided in paragraph (b) of this section, a mortgagor must establish that after the mortgage offered for insurance has been recorded, the mortgaged property will be free and clear of all liens other than such mortgage, and that there will not be outstanding any other unpaid obligations contracted in connection with the mortgage transaction or the purchase of the mortgaged property, except obligations that are secured by property or collateral owned by the mortgagor independently of the mortgaged property.
- (b) With the prior approval of the Commissioner, the mortgaged property may be subject to a second mortgage made or insured, or other secondary lien held, by a Federal, State or local governmental agency or instrumentality. However, the required monthly payments under the insured mortgage and the second mortgage or lien shall not exceed the mortgagor's reasonable ability to pay, as determined by the Commissioner.

[50 FR 20908, May 21, 1985; 50 FR 26696, June 28, 1985. Redesignated at 60 FR 56500, Nov. 8, 1995]

§235.1216 Late charge.

The mortgage may provide for the collection by the mortgagee of a late charge, not to exceed four percent of the mortgagor's share of each payment more than 15 days in arrears, to cover servicing and other costs attributable to the receipt of payments from the mortgagors after the date upon which payment is due. Such charge shall not be included in the assistance payment.

 $[42\ FR\ 29306,\ June\ 8,\ 1977.\ Redesignated\ at\ 60\ FR\ 56500,\ Nov.\ 8,\ 1995]$